

D. O. 15

SALIVATION

Not necessary for the CURE of the

VENEREAL DISEASE,

In any Degree whatever, and all GLEETS curable: Proved by a Variety of Examples, selected from no less than Six Hundred and Seventy Cases.

To these are annexed,

Other particular Cases of the VENEREAL DISEASE. Two extraordinary Cases of the LEPROSY, one of which was Hereditary; and also an extraordinary Cure of a Soldier, afflicted with a great Number of large, inveterate, scorbutic Ulcers in the Head and Limbs, deemed Incurable. The last was proved in WESTMINSTER-HALL.

By CHARLES HALES,

Late Surgeon to the HOSPITAL at the SAVOY; first by the Appointment of General CARR, with the Approbation of the Right-Honourable Field Marshal Lord Viscount LIGONIER, and afterwards by the sole Appointment of that noble Lord.

Continuants d'en faire Usage apres en avoir vu un heuroux Succès en diverses Remontres.

Histoire de la Med. par le Clerc.

The SIXTH EDITION.

L O N D O N:

Printed for J. ALMON, opposite Burlington-House, in Piccadilly. 1765.

(Price One Shilling)



A D V E R T I S E M E N T.

THE Public may be well satisfied of the Number of Cases before-mentioned, by the following Paragraph, which appeared in the public Papers in *March* 1760.

“ On *Saturday* the 23d of *February* came on to be tried, in the Court of *Common-Pleas*, at *Westminster*, by a special Jury of the County of *Middlesex*, a Cause wherein Mr. *Charles Hales*, Surgeon, in *Parliament-Street*, was Plaintiff, and a Field Officer * Defendant, in order to recover Satisfaction for the Money expended in curing between Six and Seven Hundred private Men of the Venereal Disease; when it was proved on the Part of the Plaintiff, and even admitted by the Defendant, that Six Hundred and Seventy were cured in the most effectual Manner without Salivation, although some of them were deemed incurable, and that not more than one in an Hundred died,

* General Carr.

notwithstanding many other Diseases were complicated with the above Disorder; particularly a malignant Fever that raged in the Hospital two or three Months: And a Verdict was obtained for the Plaintiff with Six Hundred Pounds Damages, besides Costs of Suit."

T O



T O

DR. S M I T H

O F

M I N C I N G - L A N E .

S I R,

AS much as I am inclined to give a public Proof of the great Respect, I bear to you ; I must at the same Time confess, that I am not very fond of the usual Form and Manner of Dedications.

Since

Since it is generally their Misfortune not only to abound with that fulsome Flattery, which the Authors of them inconsistently pretend to avoid; but also, because the End which these People propose to serve by them, I mean, that of procuring *Merit* to their Pieces, from the Credit and Influence of the PATRON, is so often delusive and ridiculous.

For I have been long of Opinion, that any Part of the Arts and Sciences, which will not support itself and its Professors, without the Aid of a distinguished PATRON, cannot be entitled to any Degree of Merit. Therefore, I mean no more, by this Address, than to *Thank* you for some such particular Marks of Friendship, and Instances of disinterested Candor, as are not usually to be met with in these Times, among the Gentlemen of the Faculty. I mean the Testimony, which you have publicly given, of your Approbation of my Practice in curing the *Venerereal* Disease; not only before your Pupils; by communicating to them
certain

D E D I C A T I O N. vii

certain Passages of my Pamphlet, relating to some very particular Cases; but also, upon a more conspicuous Occasion, when you were pleased to give your Attendance with a *Board of Officers and Surgeons*, who were expressly appointed to examine in the Success of my Proceedings, and make a Report of the same, to the Right Honourable FIELD MARSHALL Lord Viscount *Ligonier*.

These Instances of Benevolence, are what call for public Acknowledgments, as they really tend to public Good.

For were such generous Countenance to be more frequently given to the well-meant Endeavours of the honest and able Practitioners, the Community would soon perceive the good Effects of it in the Revival and Improvement of all the Arts and Sciences; which are the FOUNTAINS of *Riches* and *Prosperity* to every Kingdom.

Go on, great Sir, to diffuse that Encouragement to those of your own Profession,
which

which suits so well with your *Candor* and *Abilities*: And while you are thus employed, suffer me, among many others, who are sensible of the like Obligations, thus gratefully to express, with what *Deference* and *Respect*,

I am

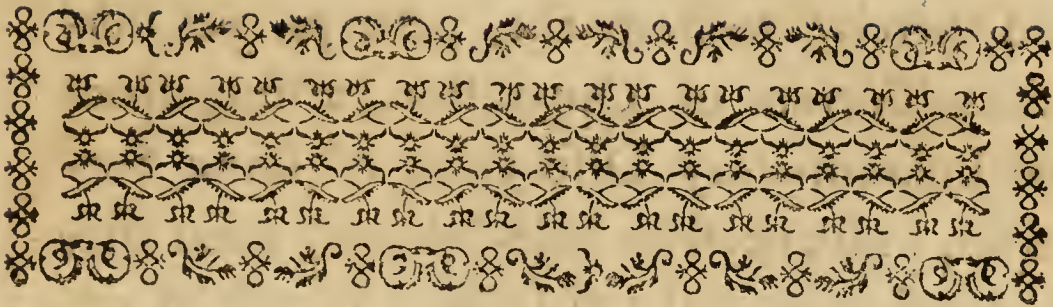
S I R,

Your sincere Friend and


obliged humble Servant

Parliament-street,
Nov. 5, 1764.

CHA. HALES.



T H E
P R E F A C E.


 HE following Narrative was advertised some Time ago, with a Design to be published, but afterwards postponed by the Advice of many Friends (among whom were several Surgeons of Note and Character), for the following Reasons; That notwithstanding the great Reputation *and high Honour*, which accrued to the Author from the clearest *Evidence of Facts*, and the impartial Decision of *Twelve honest and judicious Men*; yet it was judged absolutely necessary more firmly to establish, by a Multiplicity of other Cures in and about this Metropolis, that Basis, which was, as one may say,

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only eventually laid in *Westminster-Hall*; and thereby to stem the, perhaps, yet subsisting Torrent of Opposition, arising from the inflammatory Discourses of some Surgeons, influenced by Self-Interest, even after demonstrative and satisfactory Proofs of extraordinary Cures, were laid before the Right Honourable Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Forces, and General *Carr*, Lieutenant-Colonel of the First Regiment of Foot-Guards, who presided at a Board of Officers and Surgeons of the said Regiment, appointed expressly to examine and discharge for Duty those Soldiers, who had been afflicted with the Venereal Disease, and were cured by the Author.

How happy and advantageous would it prove to the State, and Inhabitants of Great Britain, if the Professors of Arts and Sciences could meet with that Indulgence and Impartiality, that disinterested Candour and Encouragement, which so clearly shine in a neighbouring Kingdom; — there we have repeated Examples of the most early and strict

strict Attention, to new and useful Discoveries, and that from the highest Authority and Command; not merely for the Satisfaction of knowing, that there are such Things, but to reward and signalize the Authors and Inventors of them, that their Works may not only be preserved for the Use of the present Age, but transmitted for public Service, to the latest Posterity:—But alas! In England it is quite the reverse, for no sooner does a Proficient in Medicine introduce a new Method of Practice in any Disease, than, right or wrong, immediately start up the powerful Members of the Profession, to crush it in the Beginning, altho' never so well authenticated; and if perchance the Man should be deficient in Spirit, Resolution, or Money, or what indeed exceeds all,----great and powerful Seconds, to withstand the interested and combined Fury of his Opponents, he is instantly to be delivered up to Persecution, nay, perhaps, to Ruin; with such a heavy Weight of infamous Slander on his Back, that it is but mere Chance, if he ever rises again; and such might have been the Fate of the

present Author, soon after his Entrance into the Service of the First Regiment of Foot Guards, if the Right Honourable COMMANDER in Chief, as likewise General *Carr*, General *Robinson*, General *Hudson*, Sir *Septimus Robinson*, Colonel *Salter*, Colonel *Sherrard*, and other worthy Officers of the Guards, had not then inflexibly resolved to wait the Issue of his new Method of Cure, and to decide impartially and justly on the Merit of his Pretensions; notwithstanding all the malicious Insinuations and false Clamours industriously propagated at that Time, in the same Mode, as on other like Occasions: Such, for Example, as those against Dr. *James's* Fever Powder, *Sexton's* Powder for the Small-Pox, *Guy's* Method for Cancers, *Durant's* for the Evil, &c. &c. From the Success of which, however, it may be judged, that Time and Truth will ever prevail over Prejudice and Falshood.

The ensuing Pages set forth not only Matters of Fact, relative to the Author's Proceedings and Practice in the Savoy Hospital;

pital; but what were the Consequences of that Undertaking.

The History of the Disease has been written Thread-bare, the Symptoms are commonly known to the Diseased, and the Diagnostic and Prognostic, will avail little to those Readers, for whom this is designed; therefore it is thought needful only to recite a few select Cases out of Six Hundred and Seventy of those who were cured; and to add a few other remarkable Cures since that Time, by Way of Appendix; particularly two Cases of the Leprosy, of which, one was Hereditary, and one Case of a most remarkable Scurvy, complicated with the Venereal Disease, which Cases are only published to shew, what may sometimes be done, when Diseases are accounted by the Profession incurable.

I shall now finish this Preface with the Sentiments of two eminent French Physicians, Dr. *Boudin*, and Dr. *Chirac*; the first writes thus:


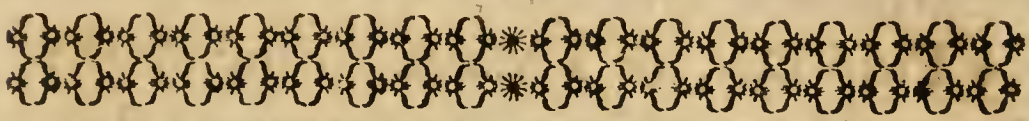

“ I have always looked upon two Things, as the principal Obstacles to the Progress of
Phyfic,

Phyfic, the one is the general fondness Men have for Systems, which obliges young Physicians to spend a great deal of Time, that might be better bestowed in making useful Observations, and fills their Imagination with well-contrived Fables, but of no Use towards the Cure of their Patients; which ought to be the chief, and only End of all their Studies and Labours. The other is not only their neglect of, but likewise their Dislike and Repugnance both to the Search of new Remedies, and to the Application of them in their Practices, whenever they have been discovered by others more courageous and diligent than they. -- *Hippocrates* has rejected all Systems as uselefs, that he might the better apply himself to Observations and the Study of proper Medicines."

Dr. Chirac says,


"The Cure of the Venereal Disease is liable to so many Inconveniencies, from the Insufficiency of the greatest Part of those who undertake it, and by reason of the grievous Sufferings, they expose their Patients to, who follow their old Method of curing;

curing ; as also because the Time it requires to perform it, is so long ; and a Patient withdrawing himself for the Space of forty or fifty Days, during which Time, he must keep his Chamber, is so troublesome, and often so suspicious, especially for Persons, whose Stations oblige them to have a more than ordinary Regard for their Reputation, that we can never sufficiently applaud those, who have spent their Time and Labour in the Discovery and Improvement of such Remedies as can thoroughly cure those, who are afflicted with it, and free them from all the Inconveniencies and Disorders that attend the ordinary Way of curing it.”

SALIVATION

NOT NECESSARY, &c.



MY Engagement in the Service of the *Savoy* Hospital, happened merely by *Accident*; I was sent for by Major-General *Carr*, Lieutenant-Colonel of the *first* Regiment of Foot-Guards, who at that Time was afflicted with a Fit of the Stone.

After the Recital of his own Case, the *Venereal Disease* became the Topic of Discourse. The General began with a Relation of the melancholy Effects of *Salivation*; having made his Observations, that if the Soldiers were cured of the Venereal Disease,

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which

which he frequently found did not happen, many of them died of *Consumptions*, or were otherwise in so *feeble* and *sickly a State*, that on a *Field-Day*, or a *March*, many of the *Men* could not undergo the *Fatigue* of their necessary *Duty*; and, finally, he expressed great *Astonishment* that a *better Method* of *Cure* could not be discovered.

Dr. *Saunders*, a *Physician*, then present, told the *General*, that the *Cure* of the *Venerereal Disease*, in all its *Stages*, might certainly be performed without *Salivation*. To that I assented, affirming that I had, for many years past, cured all my *venerereal Patients* by an *alterative Method* of MY OWN, notwithstanding many of them had ineffectually undergone the painful *Trial* of *one or more Salivations*.

At that Assertion the *General*, with some *Vehemence*, uttered these *Words*,---*For God's Sake, Gentlemen, why will you not undertake to do it, as it would be attended with great Service to the Public, particularly to the Army?*

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I then offered my Service to join with the *Doctor* in the Undertaking, and proposed that each should communicate his Method to the other, to render our Design the more effectual, and that I should take upon me the executive Part, and communicate my Proceedings to the *Doctor*, when necessary; or occasionally consult with him upon any Requisites, that might seem to be wanted, in order to render Cures as short and effectual as possible: But the *Doctor* thought proper to decline the whole Affair, as he lived in the Country in an easy Situation, and did not choose to bring *the whole Body of the Profession*, as he expressed it, *upon his Back*.---I must here confess, that I am not desirous to create Enemies, particularly amongst the *Surgeons*, with whom I could wish to live, if possible, in the greatest Amity, being truly sensible that Dissention in a Community, whether established for the Cultivation of Arts or Sciences, generally serves no better Purpose than to expose to Contempt and Ridicule not only the several *Members*, but too often the *Profession* itself.

However, not weighing these Things too nicely in the Balance against the Prosecution of a good and just Cause, that my Actions might be equal with my Words, and also to convince the General, that I advanced no more than what I could support by Facts, I proposed to cure ten or twenty of the most *inveterate* venereal Cases, in the first Regiment of Foot-Guards, at my own Expence, *without Salivation*, and by MY OWN *alterative Method*, if those Cases were deemed *curable by Salivation*.

The *General* seemed much pleased with, what he called, my *generous* Proposal, assured me that he would mention it to Lord *Ligonier*, and that I might expect to hear from him in a few Days on that Account; which indeed soon happened :---I was then informed by the General of his Lordship's *Approbation*, and that six Beds were to be placed in a Room in the *Savoy*, as soon as possible, for my intended Purpose; but in the interim it was thought proper to begin with *Out-Patients*, of which *thirty* were order-

ordered by the General to attend me on the fourth Day of *December*, 1758.

A short Time after, an Order was issued by General *Carr* to every Lieutenant-Colonel in the Regiment, to put under my Care *all* those Men of their several Companies, who were, or might be afflicted with the *Veneral* Disease.---The Number of Diseased soon amounted to One Hundred and Fifty, including almost *all* Stages of the Disease, many having been afflicted *some* Years with an *inveterate Lues*, which had resisted the Efforts of *one, two, three, or four* Salivations, others with the *most virulent Gonorrhœas*, and others with *the most obstinate Gleets*.

I must own, that I was not a little confused, when some Cases were presented, as they appeared much worse than I expected to meet with, altho' my Practice in the *Veneral* Disease had been many Years not only extensive, but also had comprehended many difficult Cures, particularly amongst *Sailors* and *Negroes*, whose Cases often grow very desperate from Neglect, or Want of
Attend-

Attendance in long Voyages : But it was now too late to recede from my Propofal, my Reputation was at ftake, and my Purfe was obliged to fecond it. I was indeed told by General *Carr*, that Lord *Ligonier* faid, that if I could do what I propofed, that it fhould be *the making of me*, which interefting Promise was indeed no fmall Relief to my Mind, and induced me more chearfully to attend daily to my Engagements, under the frequent Infpection of Officers or Serjeants ; who often declared, if I could cure many Cafes that they faw, they were well affured I might cure any Perfon in that Difafe.

At the End of fix or feven Weeks, I made a *Report* to the *General*, that I was ready to difcharge, as capable of Duty, a Number of Patients cured.

A Day was appointed by the General, Notice given out in Orders, to *the Officers, Surgeon, and four Mates of the Regiment*, to attend and examine the Patients, which they undoubtedly executed *with ftrict Scrutiny*, before the General, feveral *Lieutenant-Colonels*, and other *Officers* :---Twenty-fix
were

were allowed to be cured, and discharged that Day for Duty; but altho' some of them had been *greatly diseased*, it was afterwards rumoured, that their Cases were *trifling*, of little Importance, and no great Proof of *my Art* exceeding, what *others* pretended to do.

After that discharge I proceeded for some Time, till I made a *second Report* of Cures, —The General, other Officers, some Gentlemen, Dr. *Smith*, of *Mincing-Lane*, and the same Surgeons, attended on a Day appointed, and discharged Forty-six for cured, many of them, as was then fully proved, having been afflicted with the *Venereal Disease* in a *very deplorable Manner*; all this the Company then present freely confessed;—being much astonished, and clearly *convinced of the Efficacy of my Method of Cure*, which they found strictly conformable to the *Proposals* hereunto annexed; being those I presented to General *Carr* in writing some Weeks before, in order that no Mistake might happen, on either Side, as too frequently is the Case, when *Proposals* are only *verbal*.

The P R O P O S A L S.

- I. *To cure all curable Venereal Diseases without Salivation.*
- II. *Without injuring the Constitution by mercurial Preparations.*
- III. *Without impairing the Strength of the Patients.*
- IV. *That the Patients shall be fit for Duty, immediately after they are discharged, as cured.*

Before that second Discharge, the *General* seeing the Soldiers in the Room waiting for Examination, asked if those Men had been under my Care, declaring they appeared *as healthy, and well, as if they had not been diseased*; and when they were discharged for Duty, which was on that Day, made Use of many Compliments and Expressions, which will better bear a Repetition from my Friends, than myself. I also had the Honour of a very polite and interesting Message from the *COMMANDER in Chief*, by *General Carr,*

Carr, attended with a *Present of One Hundred Pounds*, and a *Promise of future Reward according to Merit*; incontestably proving my LORD's entire Approbation of my *Method of Cure*, and the *Success* that attended it.

At that Time my Name and Cures became more public, and attracted the Attention of the *greatest Personages*, as well as many others of all Ranks, in *Westminster* and *London*; which induced two Surgeons, as I have been informed, through Prejudice, Envy, or Malice, to detract from my Character, by saying, that I was an *Impostor*, that all Surgeons could do the same, (altho' they well knew, that they could not) and that there were not eight *Poxes* in the three *Regiments* of Guards: These were Persons I never saw, or ever offended, except by *curing two Men in desperate Cases*, who, as it was imagined by them, could not be cured; they were also Persons who had not seen my Patients, and who are, and for ever will be, totally ignorant of my Method of Cure; but notwithstanding they found Means to poison the Ear of a Nobleman, who, I have the strongest Reason to believe,

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would

would otherwise have done me signal Services: The same Attempt was also made upon another Nobleman, my very great Friend, without Effect, that Noble Lord continuing to this Day, to honour me with his steady Approbation and Interest, and whose Protection will be a sufficient Barrier against all my Enemies, altho', if Report tells Truth, I have fewer than might be expected in such a public Affair.

But to proceed; having thus far acquired the Honour of my Lord *Ligonier's* Approbation and Protection, with that of General *Carr*, and other Officers of the Regiment, whose impartial Conduct in this Affair binds me under the most lasting Obligations, especially as I was, at my first Entrance into the Hospital, a Stranger to almost all of them, my Emulation was naturally spurred on with greater Ardour to pursue my Engagements, which were soon succeeded by a *third Discharge* of Patients, and after that a *fourth*, in the same Manner as before, except that instead of General *Carr*, General *Hudson* attended the Board the third Time, and after many obliging Compliments made
this

this Observation, that *my easy Method of Cure, be feared, would be an Encouragement to Vice.* General *Robinson* did me also the Honour of attending at one Discharge, who expressed not only his Approbation and Astonishment, but did me a greater Honour, by declaring before Lord *Ligonier* and other Officers of the Ordnance, his Sentiments of my Performances, in very strong Terms.

After those *four public Discharges* of Patients, to the Number of, I think, Two Hundred, I waited on Lord *Ligonier*, who, besides other signal Proofs of his Approbation, added this, that there was no farther Occasion for *public Discharges*, but that as the Men were cured, they might go upon Duty; that he should think of some *Means of Reward for my great Trouble and Expence*, and should for the future entirely rely on my Conduct.

Some Time after my last Visit to his *Lordship*, the great Number of Soldiers that daily applied to me for Cure, induced my *Lord* to send me his Commands by General *Carr*, to take a Survey of a House at

Pimbluco, commonly called the *Duke's Hospital*, and after that to inform his Lordship of the Condition of the Premisses, the Number of Men they would contain, and to estimate the yearly Expence of curing by my Method *all* Soldiers of the Army, who might for the future be afflicted with the Venereal Disease.

His Lordship's Commands were obeyed, and I sent my Report to his *Lordship*, by the *General*, who afterwards told me that his Lordship would endeavour to *provide* for me, by *representing to his (late) Majesty* my extraordinary Success; that I might expect, to be *Surgeon to the Army* for the Venereal Disease, with Three Hundred Pounds per Annum Salary; and that, if a *Vacancy* of Surgeon to the *First Regiment of Guards* should happen, his Lordship would think of no other Person beside myself, to succeed to that Employ.

Such Promises would have been sufficiently inviting to any Man of Emulation, to hazard Health, Life and Fortune, which I too evidently proved, in regard to myself,

at that Time ; my Health becoming impaired by a daily Attention to One Hundred and Fifty, One Hundred and Sixty, or One Hundred and Eighty Men, of which Forty-six were always unavoidably crowded into five *small* Rooms, where putrid, noxious Vapours must of course be very powerful and very dangerous.

Those Circumstances, together with the Anxiety of Mind, arising from an Expence of *Sixteen Guineas per Week*, the Uncertainty of a Reimbursement, and the Neglect of other Business, at length brought on a malignant Fever ; my Mate also being then confined by the same Kind of Fever, of which he soon after died.

During my Illness, which threatened me with Death, the Regiment, *Officers* as well as private Men, lamented my Fate, particularly General *Carr*, who acknowledged upon the *Parade* the great Loss which not only the Army might sustain, but also the public in general.

At my Recovery, being informed of those and many other favourable Expressions, and being also conscious of the strict Orders that were given by Lord *Ligonier* and General *Carr*, relative to my Illness, I could no longer doubt but that every Thing went on in my Favour and Interest; but, alas! how great was my Astonishment at my first Visit to General *Carr*, when, instead of the least satisfactory Information concerning my Promotion, I was induced to believe that it would not *soon* happen, partly, as the General observed, thro' the malicious and envious Misrepresentations of some Surgeons in Power, and partly through a little Animosity subsisting between two Noblemen; inso-much, that I was suffered to become the innocent and undeserved Victim of *Party Faction, the Bane of Justice, and a sure Check to all Improvements in this Kingdom.*

This was a Blow, which I little expected, and very badly suited my weak Condition, being then not able to get in or out of my Chariot without Assistance; yet did I most
reso-

resolutely continue my Practice in the Hospital, with the *Approbation of Lord Ligonier and the General*, till I had compleated *one Year's Service*, without *Reward*; in which Time, however, I had the Comfort to hear, that *General Carr*, at a *Review* on a *Field Day*, declared, that *during forty Years*, the Time of his being in the *Guards*, he had not seen the Men in general *look so well*, or in *so good Condition*, in point of *Health*. *Colonel Graham* also did me the *Honour* to affirm, that he believed I had saved the *recruiting of Five Hundred Men*.

During that Year I had the good Fortune to lose only *Six Men* by *Death*, altho' I had under my Care near *Eight Hundred*, of which *Six Hundred and Seventy* were ordered by the *express Command of the General*, and the rest by that of the *COMMANDER IN CHIEF*; *One Hundred* of which, whilst they had the *Venercal Disease*, were afflicted with malignant, ulcerous, sore *Throats*, attended with a most dangerous *Fever*, much like that which is commonly called a *Jail-Fever*.

After

After all this great Labour and Expence, I made close Application to the *Com-mander in Chief*, and *General Carr*, for that *Promotion* which I *justly* expected might now probably take place ; but was then made to understand fully, that if I would accept of Two Hundred Pounds *per Annum* out of his Lordship's Pocket, till I had a *better* Provision for *past* and *future* Services, I might continue in the *Hospital*, otherwise that I might *instantly* relinquish it ; *that*, or *nothing*, at that Time, I was *obliged* to accept : But soon finding that my Expence amounted to *double* that Sum, notwithstanding the great Number of inveterate Poxes already cured, I was under the Necessity of making Remonstrances on that Head, without Promise of Relief, at least whilst my Money or private Business lasted. But here I must with Gratitude acknowledge, that his *Lordship's personal* Engagement of Two Hundred Pounds *per Annum* Salary was exceeding *generous*, and that the *General* spared no Attention or Application to assist me with every Means in his Power, except his Purse, as the Reader will hereafter find.

But

But *those* Means fell so far short of an Ex-
pence of *Eight Hundred Pounds*, besides
the Loss of a considerable Sum, by neg-
lecting my other Business, that for the sake
of a large Family, I was *very reluctantly* put
to the Necessity of commencing a Suit at
Law against my *once good Friend*, and *real*
Detainer, the General; I say *very reluctantly*,
because the Difficulty, Anxiety, and Uncer-
tainty of such a Suit, I could very plainly
foresee, and therefore should not have at-
tempted it, if I could in any *reasonable* Man-
ner have compounded Matters another
Way: However, altho' the Execution of it
was painful beyond Description, the issue
proved favourable: *For, after a Trial of ten*
Hours, wherein Six Hundred and Seventy
Soldiers were proved and admitted to be cured
with the Loss of Six only by Death, the Jury
brought in a Verdict with Six Hundred Pounds
Damages, and Costs of Suit. That Sum,
with the *Hundred Pounds* before mentioned,
as a Present from Lord *Ligonier*, was only
the Money proved by Vouchers to be *ex-*
pended in the Service of the *Savoy Hospital* ;
being deprived of my *Reward* by some Let-
ters inadvertently wrote; which Letters
E were

were produced in *Court*, proving my entire Submission to his Lordship's Pleasure on that Head.

Thus dearly, with the greatest Labour of Body and Mind, did I at last purchase a Reputation, which, I hope, will in the End, bring that *Reward*, which could not be acquired in *another* Channel. Since the *Trial*, I have been informed, that Lord *Ligonier* has done me the Honour to recommend me to the Cure of several extraordinary Cases, whereby I have received considerable Sums; and that General *Carr*, at all Times, when my Name is mentioned, yet avows the great Success that attended my Practice; which may induce every Body to think that his Lordship and the General were strongly inclined to make the promised Provision for me; how it happened otherwise, and from what Causes the Disappointment took its Rise, perhaps may only be known, with Certainty, to those Gentlemen, if I have not *before related* them.

It has been Matter of Surprize to many Persons, particularly to my Brethren the

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Surgeons, that I should hit upon a Method of Cure *less painful, less troublesome, and less hazardous*, than that which is generally in Use. This Riddle may be easily solved, if the Reader will take the Trouble to peruse the following Relation.

In my Youth I had an Opportunity of seeing a Variety of Cases in the *Venereal Disease*, under a Master, who was then famous for that, as well as general Practice. This brought to my Acquaintance many young Gentlemen, who, tho' they had been great Sufferers in the Wars of *Venus*, yet did not so much lament unfortunate Accidents attending the Disease, as the *Discovery* they might make to their Friends and Families, many of them having been *experimentally* convinced, that what the Disease alone might not reveal, would be effectually discovered by the Means of Cure that my Master, as well as others, then made Use of; which Apprehension, added to the extreme *Antipathy* they had taken to a *loathsome Load of Medicine*, or the *Horrors of Salivation* and its Consequences, prompted me to be diligently and studiously intent on searching af-

ter such *easier* Methods of Cure, as might in Time to come, when I entered into Business myself, *obviate those Complaints*, and incline my Patients to regard me as their Friend and Benefactor, rather than as a *Tormentor*. But this was not easily effected, it proved to be a Labour of *some Years*, till gradually, Step by Step, in a Multiplicity of Practice, I found myself Master of what I now profess, and yet, notwithstanding the great practice I have gone through for many Years, I find that Improvement may advance gradually, as Time does. And that whatever I may pretend to, I also know that, from Variety of Cases, and different Habits of Body, especially where that Disease is complicated with others, particularly the Leprosy or Scurvy, I am not infallible: On the other Hand it is to be considered, that Patients will often *carelessly* deviate from the *Regimen* and *Instructions*, that are really essential to speedy and certain Cures; on which Accounts, the Surgeon and his Remedies too often undeservedly suffer Reproach from the *Patient*, and with *others* a Diminution of Reputation: Some Gentlemen will indeed acknowledge their Errors, and
Excesses,

Excesses, but even in that Case, Business is very irksome, as it is the highest Pleasure to an honest Man to cure with *Ease, Expedition* and *Safety*.

The Medicines, which I administer, in *all* Stages of the *Venereal* Disease, are so *mild* and *salutary*, that they may be given to *Children*, without Inconvenience; insomuch, that few Persons are made sensible, *by their Operation*, that they are under a Course of them: They do not *purge*, and may be taken *any Length of Time*, free from the Danger of *Salivation*, in any *Season*, without *Confinement*, or *Prejudice* to the Constitution, in *any* Habit of Body, which many Hundreds of Gentlemen can testify, as well as the Soldiers, who, whilst under Cure, were not only guilty of *Irregularities*, but performed their Exercise at the *Drill* every Day, or mounted the King's Guard, *Night* and *Day*, in *Winter*, as well as *Summer*.

In a confirmed Clap, the *Heat* of Urine, *Cordée*, and *Virulence* of the Disease, are soon carried off, and if attended with a *Phimosi*s, that also may be soon cured, without that
sharp

sharp, as well as inconvenient *Operation with the Scissars*, which I have performed only on *two* Patients, for *ten* Years past, and those were in the *Savoy Hospital*; notwithstanding many Persons have attended me from other Surgeons, who declared, that they could never be cured without *cutting*.

Within the first three Days of Infection, the beforementioned Symptoms may be prevented, and the Infected soon rendered insensible of every Symptom, except a *small* Running, and that frequently without taking a *Grain of Mercury*, or using it externally.

Swelled Testicles, a common Consequence of a *Clap*, have happened to very few of my Patients; I can recollect only ten or twelve within these *two* Years, of which six suffered from want of Care, to defend themselves from the very severe Weather last *Winter*; however, that is a *Symptom* which, together with the *Fever*, is soon cured, without Hazard of *Scirrhus* or *Suppuration*, if judiciously treated, *without any Preparation of Mercury*. I met with only *one Imposthumation*

tion of a *Testicle*, in the *Hospital*, and not once since, or even a *Scirrhus*.

Many Objections and Prejudices have been raised against *Injections* in general; perhaps with Reason, as much Mischief may be done when they are composed of *improper Medicaments*, and withal applied by *unskilful* and *unexperienced* Persons; but are those the Reasons for exploding that Practice? If so, all Preparations of *Mercury*, *Antimony*, *Opium*, and the commonly called *harmless Bark*, may with Propriety be expunged from the Dispensatory, for that they will *kill*, *unskilfully* administered; but in the Hands of the *experienced* and *judicious* Practitioner, those Medicines, as well as *Injections*, may be as *safely* used as Bread and Water; at least I have found and proved it so in some *Thousands* of Cases, and without any consequent Inconveniencies.

It has, indeed, been maintained by some Surgeons, that *Injections* cause what is called a *Stricture*, *Caruncle*, *Carnosity*, or *Excrecence* in the *Urethra*; I should be glad to know, what caused those Complaints *before*
Injec-

Injections were much or not at all used? I do not forget that thirty Years ago the same Disorders were as rife, perhaps more so than they are now; and it was a common Observation amongst the Surgeons, that many Patients were attended with incurable Gleets; but where is the Man who has such a Gleet now! I have, indeed, been recommended to such as were called so, but soon convinced my Patients of the Mistake.

Various also have been the Sentiments of *Physicians and Surgeons* concerning *Gleets, Strictures, Caruncles, &c.* wherein they widely differ from one another; I therefore hope, that I may be allowed, in Turn, to differ from them all.

Ocular Demonstrations convince us, that a *Continuance* of Discharge from all *external Wounds and Ulcers*, produce a *Fungus*; therefore, as the same Effect may happen from *Ulcerations internally*, I am inclined to think, that a long *continued Discharge* of Matter from the *Urethra*, may there also produce, in *one or more Places*, a *Fungus*, or, what is commonly called, a *Caruncle*,

cle, &c. and that whether *Injections* in general are applied or omitted; but, if *Injections* are properly prepared and skilfully applied, they, with a small Quantity of an *alterative* Medicine, will make the most *advantageous* and *speedy* Cures, and Patients thereby be less exposed to those *tiresome* and *dangerous* Consequences; for *purging* Medicines avail not in Cure, but occasion tormenting Gripings, carry off the nutritious Juices in great Abundance, and often reduce the Diseased to such a Degree, that they look as if Death was written on their Faces: I must say, however, on the other Hand, that although all these Inconveniences and many more may happen, yet I cannot think that even such extravagant Purgings cause *venereal* Gleets, as many have imagined; tho' I cannot deny but that seminal Weaknesses have frequently followed that Practice.

In all Stages of the *Pox*, my Medicines act as *alteratives*, and the noxious Humours are thereby expelled by *Perspiration*, *Sweat*, or *Urine*, with so speedy a Change of the Habit of Body, that in the Space of three

F

Weeks.

Weeks the depraved or lost Appetite returns, the depressed Spirits are raised, the emaciated and relaxed Muscles begin to recover their Fullness and Elasticity; and, in fine, all the fatiguing Symptoms begin to vanish, to the agreeable Surprise of the Diseased; that such is the Manner of Operation, and the happy Effect of my Medicines, many Gentlemen, of good Discernment, now living, have acknowledged; and that the Evidence of Men of Skill may not be wanting, *two Surgeons*, whom I have cured of *inveterate Poxes*, the one of *seven Years*, the other of *one Year and a Half* Continuance, have attested the same: The last of these, besides undergoing a *severe Salivation*, had followed the Advice of three or four of the most eminent Surgeons, and yet with so little Success. But these are not the only Surgeons who have experienced happily my Care.

The Report therefore could not come from them, that I make Use of corrosive Sublimate in performing a Cure; to silence such Reports, however, I take this public Opportunity to declare, in the most solemn Manner, that I have not administer'd internally

nally a single Grain of that pernicious Preparation from my first Attendance in the *Savoy* Hospital to this Time: I confess, that at the Request of a very eminent *Physician*, now living in the City of *London*, I made some Experiments with it eight Years ago, but was soon convinced of the fatal Consequences, which might attend that Practice, even under my daily Inspection, but much more amongst my distant Patients in the Country, whom I see but once, perhaps, in the Cure, or sometimes not at all; many of them relating their Cases, and corresponding only by Letters.

With regard to the following Cases, which I have printed, they are rather selected from the great Number of those, who were cured in the *Savoy* Hospital; and if they are not sufficient to convince the Incredulous, I am apt to think, that twenty Times the Number would produce no better Effect.

Notwithstanding they were only private Soldiers, I think, I could not with Propriety

expose their Names, especially too as many of them are allied to reputable and wealthy Families; nor can it be expected, in the extraordinary Multiplicity of Affairs, with which I was embarrassed, that I could do more than write down the Condition in which they applied to me for Cure. I have divided them into two Classes; the first containing the Cases of those who were cured by my Method *without* Salivation; the second, of those who were cured *after* Salivation had *failed*, inserting only the initial Letters of the Names of the Patients, but those of the Companies at Length.

No. *Initial Letters.*

Company.

1. *J.* of Colonel *Robinson's*; a *Veneréal* Gleet of thirteen Months Continuance.
2. *B.* of Colonel *Cary's*; a *Veneréal* Gleet three Years.
3. *W.* of Colonel *Cary's*; a *Veneréal* Gleet three Years.

4. *R.*

No. Initial Letters.

Company.

4. R. of Colonel *Keppel's*; a *Fistula* at the Point of the Left Buttock, and another under the *Scrotum*, caused by a *Venereal* Gleet of nine Years Continuance, in which Time the *Urethra* became gradually obstructed, inso-much that the Water issued out only through those Openings for a whole Year; it was imagined by a very eminent Surgeon, that this Man could not be cured without a very extraordinary and painful Operation; but it happened otherwise.

5. W. of Colonel *Tyron's*; Nocturnal *Venereal* Pains, Caruncles, and Gleet eight Years.

6. P. of Colonel *Salter's*; a *Venereal* Gleet four Years, and a recent Clap.

7. E. of Colonel *Lambert's*; a Clap, a *Bubo*, Caruncles and Gleet thirteen Years.

8. B. of Colonel *Dickin's*; a *Bubo*, tumefied Testicle, Caruncles eight months

9. E.

- | <i>No.</i> | <i>Initial Letters</i> | <i>Company.</i> |
|------------|------------------------|--|
| 9. | <i>E.</i> | of Colonel <i>Totton's</i> ; a recent <i>Clap</i> ,
<i>Bubo</i> , <i>Caruncles</i> . |
| 10. | <i>R.</i> | of Colonel <i>Dalhousie's</i> ; a recent
<i>Clap</i> , <i>Phimosis</i> , <i>Chancres</i> , <i>Bubo</i> . |
| 11. | <i>R.</i> | of Colonel <i>Baugh's</i> ; <i>Chancre</i> , <i>Bubo</i> ,
<i>Ulcer of the Throat</i> . |
| 12. | <i>W.</i> | of Lord <i>Ligonier's</i> ; a recent <i>Clap</i> ,
<i>Venereal Warts</i> , and <i>Venereal Eruption</i> ,
from a prior <i>Disease</i> . |
| 13. | <i>W.</i> | of Lord <i>Ligonier's</i> ; a <i>Clap</i> , <i>Chancres</i> ,
a <i>swelled Testicle</i> , and <i>Caruncles</i> . |
| 14. | <i>T.</i> | of the <i>King's</i> ; a recent <i>Clap</i> , <i>Nocturnal Venereal Pain</i> of the <i>Head</i> ,
and <i>universal Eruption</i> , from a <i>prior Infection</i> . |
| 15. | <i>O.</i> | of Colonel <i>Graham's</i> ; extraordinary
<i>Venereal universal Eruption</i> ; had
been diseased one <i>Year</i> . |

16. *M.*

- | No. | Initial Letters. | Company. |
|-----|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 16. | M. of Colonel Treby's ; | a recent Clap, |
| | Venereal Warts, and an ulcerated | |
| | Eruption of the Face, Body, and | |
| | Limbs, from a prior Infection. | |
| 17. | S. of Colonel Styles's ; | Venereal Ulcers |
| | of the Face and Extremities, and one | |
| | Arm much swelled. | |
| 18. | H. of Colonel Fitzroy's ; | twelve large |
| | Chancres of the Penis and Scrotum ; | |
| | ill three Months. | |
| 19. | B. of Colonel Salter's ; | Warts, Bubo, |
| | Nocturnal Pains, from a prior In- | |
| | fection ; ill two Years. | |
| 20. | B. of Colonel Lindsey's ; | a recent |
| | Clap, swelled Testicle, Bubo, Chan- | |
| | cre. | |
| 21. | R. of Colonel Tryon's ; | Phimosis, |
| | Chancre, Bubo. | |
| 22. | H. of Colonel Tatton's ; | Chancres, swel- |
| | led Testicles, Bubo, Caruncles, and | |
| | Gleet. | |
| | | 23. A. |

- | No. | Initial Letters. | Company. |
|-----|--|---------------|
| 23. | <i>A.</i> of General Durand's; a Clap, swelled Testicles, Bubo, Caruncle and Gleet. | |
| 24. | <i>R.</i> of Colonel Pearson's; a Clap, Phimosi, Chancre. | |
| 25. | <i>L.</i> of General Carr's; Chancres, encysted Tumours in the Neck, Ulcers of the Throat, Nocturnal Pains; ill three Years. | |
| 26. | <i>E.</i> of Colonel Tatton's; a Clap, Chancre, Bubo, Venereal Eruption. | |
| 27. | <i>S.</i> of Colonel Treby's; Ulcers of the Throat, Chancres, Venereal Eruption. | |
| 28. | <i>P.</i> of Colonel Styles's; Ulcers of the Throat, encysted Tumours in the Neck, Venereal Eruption, Nocturnal Pains. | |
| 29. | <i>P.</i> of Colonel Pearson's; Venereal Eruption, and Nocturnal Pains; ill one Year. | |
| | | 30. <i>C.</i> |

- | No. | Initial Letters. | Company. |
|-----|-------------------------|---|
| 30. | C. of the KING's; | <i>Venercal Eruption;</i>
ill four Years. |
| 31. | W. of Colonel Keppel's; | <i>Chancre, Bubo,</i>
an <i>excruciating</i> Pain of one Thigh. |
| 32. | D. of Colonel Tryon's; | a recent <i>Clap,</i>
<i>Chancres, Bubo, Nocturnal Pains;</i> ill
nine Months. |
| 33. | W. of Colonel Baugh's; | <i>Chancres</i> of
the <i>Penis</i> and <i>Scrotum,</i> <i>Nocturnal</i>
<i>Pains.</i> |
| 34. | F. of Colonel Graham's; | two <i>Buboes,</i>
<i>universal scabby Eruption</i> and a <i>Gleet;</i>
ill one Year. |
| 35. | P. of Ditto; | <i>Venereal Ulcers</i> of the
Mouth and Tongue, <i>universal Erup-</i>
<i>tion, Nocturnal Pains;</i> ill one Year.
<i>N. B.</i> As the <i>private Parts</i> had not
been infected, and the <i>Ulcers</i> of the
<i>Tongue,</i> were the <i>first</i> Symptoms, it
was more than probable, that he
G contracted |

- No. *Initial Letters.* *Company.*
 contracted the Venereal Disease by putting his Tongue into the *Mouth of a Woman*, who had an *ulcer'd Throat*.
36. *A.* of Colonel *Treby's*; a recent *Clap*, *Chancres*, *Phimosis*, *Bubo*; *Nocturnal Pains*, from a prior Disease.
37. *M.* of Colonel *Tryon's*; *Nocturnal Pains*, a large *gangrened Ulcer* of the *Scrotum* and one *Testicle*, with a *Dropsy* also of the *Scrotum*. It is remarkable, that *half the Testicle* was preserved, notwithstanding that he was an old Man. I saw him in good Health not long since.
38. *R.* of Colonel *Parker's*; *Chancres*, large *Excrescences* round the *Anus*, *Nocturnal Pains*.
39. *C.* of Colonel *Baugh's*; *Chancre*, *Bubo*, *Eruption*. *N.B.* This Disease was contracted in an extraordinary Manner, and the Consequences were as remarkable. This Man had a small
Wen

No. Initial Letters. Company.

Wen, upon the Penis, very near the Belly, which he scratched off in his Sleep, and soon after lying with a Woman, received the Infection in that Part, as one may say, by *Inoculation*, for in a *Week's* Time, the Body, Extremities, Neck, and Face, were overspread with small running Ulcers, about the Size of a Silver Penny. This Case gave me more Trouble and Attention, than most of my other Cures.

40. B. of Colonel *Keppel's*; the worst *Venerereal ulcerated scabby Eruption* from Head to Foot, that I ever saw; besides large *Excrescences* on the Buttocks, infomuch that he could not stand, walk, or lye, but with Pain; he was quite emaciated and weak, and suffered much from a violent Pain of the Head, and from the *Jaundice*; was ill two Years, and then discharged from the Hospital as *Incurable*:

This being a Case as singular as doubtful, I ordered him into *my Hospital*, contrary to the Advice and Consent of General *Carr*, who imagined that if I did not succeed, in the Cure, it would in some Measure lessen that Reputation, that I had already acquired, but quite the reverse happened; as it was well known to the *General*, Colonel *Salter*, and many other *Officers*, as well as the *Surgeons*, that in *five Weeks*, I presented him to the Board fit for Duty, although a longer Course of Medicine was necessary to confirm the Cure; I have been informed that this Man was personally known to, and much regarded by his Royal Highness the Duke of *Cumberland*, as a good Soldier, and that he often enquired after my success in his Cure.

The Cases of Some Soldiers as I found them, after they had undergone Salivation.

- | <i>No.</i> | <i>Initial Letters.</i> | <i>Company.</i> |
|------------|-------------------------|--|
| 1. | <i>P.</i> | <i>of Earl Pembroke's ; Nocturnal Pains three Years ; had been salivated once.</i> |
| 2. | <i>P.</i> | <i>of Duke of Marlborough's ; Nocturnal Pains, Eruptions ; had been salivated once.</i> |
| 3. | <i>C.</i> | <i>of Colonel Parker's ; twenty Ulcers in one Arm and one Leg ; ill three Years ; had been salivated twice.</i> |
| 4. | <i>V.</i> | <i>of General Carr's ; Chancres, Phimosis ; Nocturnal Pains from a prior Disease ; had been salivated ; two Years ill.</i> |
| 5. | <i>F.</i> | <i>of Colonel Keppel's ; Gleet, Eruption, Nocturnal Pains ; had been salivated three times.</i> |

6. *M.*

- | <i>No.</i> | <i>Initial Letters.</i> | <i>Company.</i> |
|------------|-------------------------|--|
| 6. | <i>M.</i> | of Colonel <i>Keppel's</i> ; Chancres, Nocturnal Pains from a <i>prior Disease</i> ; had been <i>salivated once</i> . |
| 7. | <i>S.</i> | of Colonel <i>Tryon's</i> ; two Buboës, Nocturnal Pains; had been <i>salivated once</i> . |
| 8. | <i>P.</i> | of Colonel <i>Salter's</i> ; Nocturnal Pains; had been <i>salivated once</i> for Chancres and Excrefcences round the Anus. |
| 9. | <i>H.</i> | of Colonel <i>Keppel's</i> ; a large Chancre of the Penis <i>gangrened</i> ; ill four Months; had been <i>salivated once</i> . |
| 10. | <i>W.</i> | of Colonel <i>Keppel's</i> ; extraordinary scabby Eruption; had been long ill; <i>salivated once</i> . |
| 11. | <i>B.</i> | of Colonel <i>Clinton's</i> ; Nocturnal Pains <i>two Years</i> ; had been <i>salivated once</i> . |
| 12. | <i>M.</i> | of Colonel <i>Lindsey's</i> ; Nocturnal Pains; ill <i>two Years</i> ; had been <i>salivated once</i> . |
| | | 13. <i>S.</i> |

- | <i>No.</i> | <i>Initial Letters.</i> | <i>Company.</i> |
|------------|-------------------------|---|
| 13. | S. | of Colonel Treby's; Nocturnal Pains; had been <i>salivated once.</i> |
| 14. | H. | of Earl Dalhousie's; swelled Testicle, Nocturnal Pain of the Head; had been <i>salivated once.</i> |
| 15. | W. | of Colonel Tryon's; Chancres, Eruption, Nocturnal Pains; ill <i>three Years</i> ; had been <i>salivated twice.</i> |
| 16. | B. | of Earl Dalhousie's; Eruption, Nocturnal Pains; ill <i>two Years</i> ; had been <i>salivated twice</i> , and had also taken <i>corrosive Sublimate</i> , which rendered him <i>insensible</i> twenty-four Hours, from which he continued a long Time much disordered. |
| 17. | M. | of Colonel Tryon's; Chancrous Excoriations; <i>Venereal</i> Eruption, Nocturnal Pains; had been <i>salivated twice.</i> |
| 18. | A. | of General Hudson's; Nocturnal Pains; had been <i>salivated three Times.</i> |

No. Initial Letters.

Company.

19. *A.* of Colonel *Treby's*; Nocturnal Pains, Heat of Urine, *seven* Years; had been *salivated three Times.*

20. *W.* of Colonel *Tryon's*; *Venereal* Gleet, Nocturnal Pains, *three* Years; had been *salivated four Times.*

A P P E N D I X ;

O N T A I N I N G

Particular CASES, and their *Cures*,
performed since my Employment
in the *Savoy* Hospital.

I. **I** CURED an Officer of a Venereal Gleet
and Carnosities in the Urethra, of
three Years Continuance, in three Weeks;
but I will not promise to cure Cases like
that always, in so short a Time.

2. A young Gentleman of Distinction,
having been long so afflicted with a Vene-
real Gleet and Excrecences in the *Urethra*,
that he despaired of Cure (his Disorder hav-
ing eluded the Art of other Surgeons,) was
notwithstanding cured by me in a short Time.

3. A *Merchant* having a Venereal Gleet,
proceeding from *Carnosities* in the *Urethra*,
some Months, applying by the Recommen-
dation of an eminent Surgeon in the City,
received his Cure from my Hands in a short
Time.

4. A Gentleman of Fortune and Distinction, having had many Claps, was troubled with a very bad Venereal Gleet and Obstructions in the Urethra; in that State he inadvertently married a fine Woman in Expectation of an Heir. Three Years elapsed before he was convinced of his Error, and then he applied to me for Assistance; which proved so agreeable to his Wishes, that there is now a fair Prospect of preserving Title and Estate in the desirable Line.

N. B. He could not discharge the Semen in a proper Manner.

5. An Officer, who had an extraordinary Gleet, proceeding from Carnosities in the Urethra, and also many large Venereal Warts, with the disagreeable Circumstance of a natural Phimosis; after having been under three famous Surgeons to no Purpose, was perfectly cured by my Method.

6. A Gentleman of Yorkshire came to London, in search of a Cure for a most extraordinary Venereal Gleet; deemed incurable by an eminent Physician and Surgeon, who had

had the Care of him for a long Time. He fell to my Lot, and will convince any Gentleman of his perfect Cure.

7. A poor *Carpenter*, recommended to me as an Object of Compassion, (by Mr. *Jacques*, at the *Bull in Silver-Street, Bloomsbury*) after having been *salivated* for the Venereal Disease, was afflicted with severe Nocturnal Pains, many very large and deep *Venereal* Ulcers in the *Neck, Back, and Limbs*, and a *Venereal* Eruption, which reduced him so low, that he was not able to work for a whole Year, before I took him under my Care.

When I first saw him, it was with the utmost Difficulty that he walked to my House, but in *fifteen* Days he was so far recovered, in Appetite, Spirits, and Strength, that he walked with Ease, and in one *Month* went to work as usual. I saw him a Year after his Cure in perfect Health.

8. The above Cure induced another poor *Carpenter* to apply to me, by the Recommendation of Mr. *Williams*, Coal Merchant in *Westminster*.

He had for a long Time been troubled with Nocturnal Pains in the Head and Limbs, a *Node* on the *Shin-bone*, and a very bad Hoarseness, which rendered him incapable of working at his Trade for some Time.

In a short Space all the *Symptoms* vanished, he was *perfectly* cured, is now well, and, as a Mark of his Gratitude, lately walked twenty Miles to present me with a Hare.

9. *J. S.* a young Man of *Green Bank Wapping*, applied to me for my Assistance, at the Request and Recommendation of the Reverend Mr. *Clendon*.

The Patient's Case, as follows, was written by himself, *viz.*

Having contracted the Venereal Disease in *April*, 1757, I applied to Mr. ———, a Surgeon, who having kept me in Hand till the *October* following, left me *worse* by far, than when I first went to him: I then was admitted a Patient into ——— Hospital, when having continued there *six Weeks*,
and

and being told, I was cured, I came out; but upon catching Cold, my Disorder returned again. In *July* 1758, I was again admitted into ——— Hospital, and was then *salivated*, but had not been out of the Hospital more than a Month, when I was as bad as ever: I was a third Time admitted into the said *Hospital*, in *February* 1759, where having continued eleven Weeks, and at last being reduced to so bad a Condition, that I was incapable of either *Eating* or *Drinking*, I was obliged to leave the *Hospital*, for the Preservation of my Life, and have continued bad ever since.

June 28, 1759, My present Case is, *Ulcers* in my *Throat*, having lost the *Palate* of my Mouth.

This Man was perfectly cured by my Method in a short Time, went a Voyage to Sea, and is since returned in Health.

10. *J. H.* of Colonel *Ganssen's* Company of the Coldstream Regiment of Guards, in 1755 had contracted *Chancres*, for which he was *salivated*; soon after that Nocturnal Pains of the Limbs seized him, and a Venerereal

nerveal *Eruption* overspread his Body, for which he was *salivated* a *second Time*; but that did not, however, secure him from the *return* of the *Eruption*, in a great Degree, for which he went through a Course of Medicine *two Years*, and took the *corrosive Sublimate* two Months; After all these Proceedings he applied to me, by Order of his *Colonel*, in 1760, with the following Complaints, *viz.* A most excruciating Pain of the Head and Limbs, which deprived him of Sleep; Ulcers in the Throat and Nose; the upper Jaw-bone carious, and all the Upper Teeth so loose, that some of them dropped out; on each Side of the Neck was an encysted Tumour as large as a Pullet's Egg; the Penis, Scrotum, and adjacent Parts were covered with small Ulcers, and the Urethra so much obstructed, that his Urine could only be discharged in frequent small Quantities, with Pain. He had lost his Appetite, and was so weak, as well as emaciated, that he could hardly perform any Duty, and was then so offensive on the *Parade*, that no Body could stand near him.

In *one Month* after his Application to me, his Pains vanished, and the Ulcers of the Throat and Nose healed, the Swellings of the Neck subsided, the Ulcers of the other Parts were also healed; he urined more freely, his Appetite, Spirits, and Strength returned, and he waited on his Colonel to offer himself as *capable of Duty*.

The *Colonel* introduced him to his Uncle *Mr. Ward*, who examined him relative to his Case, and my Method of curing him; on being informed that the Medicines which he took from me had *no violent Operation*, and also on seeing that there was so fair a Prospect of a perfect Cure, he expressed his Amazement, and praised the Surgeon.

However, as great part of the Jaw-Bone continued foul, and required Length of Time to exfoliate, he, for the Sake of Air, (being provided with proper Quantity of Medicines, to guard against Accidents,) went into the Country on a recruiting Party, where he took Cold, became hectic, and in about a Year afterwards died.

11. A Gentleman, eminent in the Law, who had been troubled with a Venereal Gleet *five Years*, and had also a recent Bubo, and other Venereal Symptoms, sent for a famous Surgeon, who proposed curing him by *Salivation*, insisting that he could not be cured by any other Method. To that the Gentleman objected, having not only horrible Ideas of so severe an Operation, but also some Anxiety for the Loss he might sustain by Neglect of Business, it being then *Trinity Term*; recollecting therefore that he heard the Trial between General Carr and me, relative to the Cure of the Soldiers *without Salivation*, he chose that Method, which permitted him to plead with his usual Spirit and Alacrity, and gave him all the Satisfaction he desired, by a speedy and perfect Recovery from all his Complaints.

12. A *Tobacconist* applied to me for the Cure of Venereal Pains of the Limbs, attended with a Venereal *Eruption* on the Body and Ulcers in the Scrotum, which were preceded by other Symptoms, and a Gleet of *ten Years* standing.

This

This Case proved very tedious, but at length he was perfectly restored.

13. An *Attorney*, at the Solicitation of that *able* Lawyer Mr. *Simon Stanton*, applied to me, quite dispirited, weak, and emaciated by a Chancre, *Venereal* Pains, and an *Eruption* of long standing; his Eyes and Sight being also much affected by the Disease.

Both the Patient and his Friend are ready to testify the speedy and perfect Cure.

14. A Servant of Lord —— applied to me for the Cure of *Venereal* Pains, and a most extraordinary loud *cracking* Noise of the Joints, which he could produce at Will: *Carnosities* in the Urethra also incommoded him very much. He was soon restored to Health.

15. A *Merchant*, who had been under the Care of Mr. *Ward* six Weeks, applied to me, with many *Chancres* on the Penis and Scrotum, a *Phimosis*, an *Eruption* on the Head, Face, Body, and Limbs, and an *Ulcer* of the Nose.

This was a tedious Cure, on account of an *hectic Habit of Body*; but at length he was restored to Health.

16. A *Captain* of a *West-India Ship*, about three Weeks before he was obliged to set sail, was seized with a *sore Throat*, and an extraordinary universal *Eruption*, the Consequences of other Symptoms of the *Venereal Disease*; for which he was advised to undergo a *Salivation*; but the Loss which must accrue from his not going the Voyage, as well as the Dread of a long and disagreeable Confinement, induced him to put himself under my Care.

Before he went to Sea he had such Proofs of a speedy Cure, by his *Throat* becoming well, and the *Eruption* being nearly vanished, that he cheerfully embarked on Board of his Ship at the appointed Time, and is, as I am informed, perfectly well.

17. A young *Gentleman*, the Brother of an *eminent Brewer*, having contracted a *Chancre*, applied to a *French Surgeon*, under whose Care he became much worse, and then exchanged the *French* for an *English Surgeon*, to no better Purpose; the *Chancre*

increasing gradually, and destroying the *whole* Body of the *Penis*, insomuch that, when I was employed, there was not *half an Inch* remaining; he had also a large *Venereal* Tumour on one Elbow, that surrounded the Joint, and deprived it entirely of Motion. Having lost his Appetite and Rest by *continual* Pains, he became very weak and much emaciated. But in *six Weeks* I perfectly cured him.

18. An *Hosier*, having some small *Venereal* Complaints, applied to a famous Surgeon; and took Medicines two Months; at the End of which he had a *Venereal Eruption*; for which he applied to a *more eminent* Surgeon, and thought himself cured; but some Time after that was seized with a *Venereal* Ulcer in the Throat, for which he applied to *another eminent* Surgeon, and was by him *salivated*; but in a few Months, even *after Salivation*, he was tormented with *Venereal* Pains, and an *Eruption* of the Legs, an *Node* on one of the Shin-Bones, Ulcers on the Penis and adjacent Parts, and had also an *involuntary* Discharge of Urine.

This Case, of three Years Continuance, when he applied to me, although tedious,

was perfectly cured, except the *involuntary Discharge of Urine*, which is indeed greatly amended, but is *sometimes* inconvenient.

19. A *Widow Lady*, who had been under the Direction of a *famous Physician*, for *Chancres*, and had according to the Information I received, taken *corrosive Sublimate* two Months; having also applied to several Surgeons, who advised her to undergo a *Salivation*; at last came to me with two *large Ulcers* in the *Throat*, and a *Venereal Eruption* on the Face, attended with a *most excruciating Pain* of the Head and Ears, and the greatest Difficulty of Swallowing.

In *seven Weeks* she was cured.

20. A *Surgeon* of Character, in the Course of *two Years*, during which Time he was afflicted with the *Venereal Disease*, and had ineffectually tried his *own Skill*, applied to two or more of the most *eminent* Surgeons without Success; he had been *salivated*, and afterwards had taken *corrosive Sublimate* in a Decoction of *Sarsaparilla*, besides other Medicines, for a long Continuance.

When

When he came under my Care, he had lost his Appetite, was weak, dispirited, and emaciated, and his *Face*, as well as his Body and Limbs, were so much covered with the *Venereal Eruption*, that he was ashamed to visit his Patients.

He frankly confessed that he was one of the *unbelieving Jews*, in regard to my Cures amongst the Soldiers; but owned, in a *Fortnight's* Time, that he then believed I could perform more by my Method than he had heard reported, and that he was confident he should be cured.

His *Prophecy* was fulfilled in a short Time, as he was well convinced, by the Absence of all Venereal Symptoms, and the Restoration of Appetite, Spirits, Strength and Flesh.

21. *Another Surgeon*, universally known, had been so much afflicted with the *Venereal Disease*, for *seven Years*, that all the Methods he had used, had not sufficient Efficacy to prevent the *Destruction* of the *Uulva*, or cure an *Ulcer* on the *Nose*, and other Symptoms.

He

He took my Medicines, and was cured in *three Weeks.*

Two Cases in the LEPROSY.

1. A young Gentleman of Distinction, at the Recommendation of my former very good Friend the *General*, became my Patient for a *Leprosy*; which affected the Head, Face, Body, and Limbs; it had been of long Duration, and so bad that he could not even walk Abroad; consequently was prevented from executing some important Business, which he had in foreign Parts.

In the Space of *four Months*, he was so well recovered, that he went his intended long Journey, and remained well Abroad, *three Years.*

At his Return to *England* he had a slight return of the Disease, upon the Forehead, but is now well.

2. *Mayress*, a Soldier, late of Colonel *Cary's* Company, now General *Durand's*, of the *First Regiment* of *Foot Guards*, during my Attendance at the *Hospital*, desired me
to

to cure him of a Leprosy, so severe and universal, that the End of the Finger could touch no Part of the Head, Neck, Body, or Limbs, that was free from the Disease; and when he arose in the Morning from his Bed, he could take up Handfuls of Scurf and Scales.

This Case was truly *Hereditary*, the *Father* having been afflicted with it before the *Son's* Birth, and also at the Time of his being under my Care.

He received his Cure, and I am informed remains well.

A Case in the SCURVY.

Thomas Bedo, a Soldier, was discharged on the twenty-fourth Day of *December*, 1758, from the Seventeenth *Regiment* of Foot, then in *America*, being rendered incapable of farther Service, by an inveterate *Scurvy*; having one *Ulcer*, which covered Half of the Head and Forehead, another Ulcer in the Left Arm, as large as the Bottom of a Quart Bottle, and twenty-eight Ulcers in the Right Leg; there was Reason to believe, that he was also infected with the *Veneral* Disease.

When

When he arrived in *England*, he was ordered into *Chelsea Hospital*; but from the Fear of his Leg being cut off, waited on Lord *Ligonier*, who approved of General *Carr's* putting him under my Care.

In *six* Months he was perfectly cured, which he testified in the Court of *Common Pleas*; he afterwards enlisted a Volunteer in his MAJESTY'S *First* Regiment of Foot Guards, in Lord *Ligonier's* Company; and also occasionally worked at his laborious Trade, that of a *Tanner*.

This poor Man proved himself not less just to his *Surgeon*, than faithful to his KING and *Country*; for although he might have been excused from *foreign* Service, he said, as he was able, he was also willing, and should prefer his Duty to all other Considerations. It fell to his Lot to go into *Germany* with other Troops; where he behaved like a Soldier, returned home safe and well, and is now in the Guards.

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